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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/921,402	08/02/2001		Herbert Blum	PRINZ H1768	6054	
27667	7590	07/12/2005	,	EXAM	EXAMINER	
HAYES, SO			WINTER, JOHN M			
TUCSON, AZ 85701				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				3621		

DATE MAILED: 07/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/921,402	BLUM ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
,	John M. Winter	3621					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realized to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ag	oril 2005.						
<u> </u>	action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or							
Application Papers	· +						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	-,,	i i					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	·						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-5 remain pending.

# Response to Arguments

The Applicant's arguments filed on April 29, 2005 have been fully considered. Claims 1-5 remain rejected in reference to newly discovered reference Pugliese, III et al (US Patent Application Publication 2002/0072974). Rejections based on the newly cited reference follows.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Simmons et al., (US Patent Application Publication No 2001/0039659) in view of Patterson (US Patent No 6,389,541) and further in view of Pugliese, III et al (US Patent Application Publication 2002/0072974)

As per claim 1,

Simmons et al. ('659) discloses a method for secure data transmission in selling products.

wherein a product selection terminal as well as counter mechanism comprising a document reading station and a product delivery storage are provided and wherein at the product selection terminal a product is selected and a document for the selected product is output by a printing device characterized in (Figures 1,2)

that said document is provided with a first self-checking encryption code and with a first algorithm for encrypting a product identification of the selected product or the selling identification of a selling process, wherein one or more selling identifications are provided on said document, (Page 3, paragraph 401; figure 3)

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "that said encryption on said document is identified at the document reading station, wherein the value associated to said product is detected and forwarded to said counter mechanism for balancing the value, that after the payment of said product said counter mechanism delivers an electronic information carrier by an output device connected thereto, wherein said electronic information carrier includes a CPU generating a second self-checking

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encryption code having any encryption depth by using a second algorithm for encrypting all the products being paid; that said electronic information carrier is supplied to a reading unit in said product delivery storage in order to identify and to decrypt said second encryption code, wherein in case of an authorized identification the delivery of the selected product in the selected quantity from the product delivery storage is started", Patterson. ('541) discloses "that said encryption on said document is identified at the document reading station, wherein the value associated to said product is detected and forwarded to said counter mechanism for balancing the value, that after the payment of said product said counter mechanism delivers an electronic information carrier by an output device connected thereto, wherein said electronic information carrier includes a CPU generating a second self-checking encryption code having any encryption depth by using a second algorithm for encrypting all the products being paid; that said electronic information carrier is supplied to a reading unit in said product delivery storage in order to identify and to decrypt said second encryption code, wherein in case of an authorized identification the delivery of the selected product in the selected quantity from the product delivery storage is started".(Column 11, lines-21-45; figure 8). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Patterson ('541) method in order in order to provide data security.

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "a physical product", Pugliese, III et al ('974) discloses "a physical product" (paragraph 14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Pugliese, III et al ('974) method in order to maximize the available market.

As per claim 2,

Simmons et al. ('659) discloses the method for secure data transmission in selling products according claim 1

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "output device includes a CPU generating said second self-checking encryption code by using a second or the same algorithm for encrypting the products being paid wherein said electronic information carrier is provided as a passive memory and wherein a PIN is additionally inserted.", Patterson. ('541) discloses "output device includes a CPU generating said second self-checking encryption code by using a second or the same algorithm for encrypting the products being paid wherein said electronic information carrier is provided as a passive memory and wherein a PIN is additionally inserted.".(Column 11, lines 21-45). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Patterson ('541) method in order in order to provide data security.

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "a physical product", Pugliese, III et al ('974) discloses "a physical product". (paragraph 14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Pugliese, III et al ('974) method in order to maximize the available market.

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As per claim 3,

Simmons et al. ('659) discloses the method for secure data transmission in selling products according claim 1 or 2

Official Notice is taken that "algorithm does not represent an encryption algorithm and that no encryption of said document is applied" is common and well known in prior art in reference to secure data. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a checksum algorithm to verify the integrity of the data (such as the well known CRC algorithm) that would involve no encryption of the document.

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "a physical product", Pugliese, III et al ('974) discloses "a physical product" (paragraph 14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Pugliese, III et al ('974) method in order to maximize the available market.

As per claim 4,

Simmons et al. ('659) discloses the method for secure data transmission in selling products according to any of the preceding claims,

characterized in that an encrypted data transmission between said product delivery and said product delivery terminal is provided (Figure 3)

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "a physical product", Pugliese, III et al ('974) discloses "a physical product" (paragraph 14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Pugliese, III et al ('974) method in order to maximize the available market.

As per claim 5,

Simmons et al. ('659) discloses the method for secure data transmission in selling products according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that said data transmission between the individual zones comprising the product selection zone the counter zone and the product delivery zone is established a mechainsm of information carriers and/or devices operating by means of printing engineering, radio engineering, lighting engineering or magnetically.(Figure 1)

Simmons et al. ('659) does not explicitly disclose "a physical product", Pugliese, III et al ('974) discloses "a physical product". (paragraph 14). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Simmons et al. ('659) method with the Pugliese, III et al ('974) method in order to maximize the available market.

#### Conclusion

Examiners note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although

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the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Winter whose telephone number is (571) 272-6713. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30am-5:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached at (571) 272-6712.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair">http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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(703) 305-7687 [Official communications; including After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]
(703) 308-1396 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to the Examiner in the Knox Building, 50 Dulany St. Alexandria, VA.

JMW July 11, 2005

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